







Considerations for a Modern Distribution Grid

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Influencing Factors for Grid Modernization

"The challenge is to manage the transition and related operational and market systems in a manner that doesn't result in an unstable or unmanageable system." from Grid 2020, Resnick Institute Report, Sept 2012

Federal and State Policies

- Tax Credits
- Renewable Portfolio Standards
- Net Energy Metering Policies
- Energy Storage and DER Markets and Mandates
- Community Choice Aggregation



Driving advancement in grid structure and functional requirements



Technology

- Information Management, Communication and Computing
- Renewable and Distributed Energy Resources
- Extraction Methods for Natural Gas and Oil



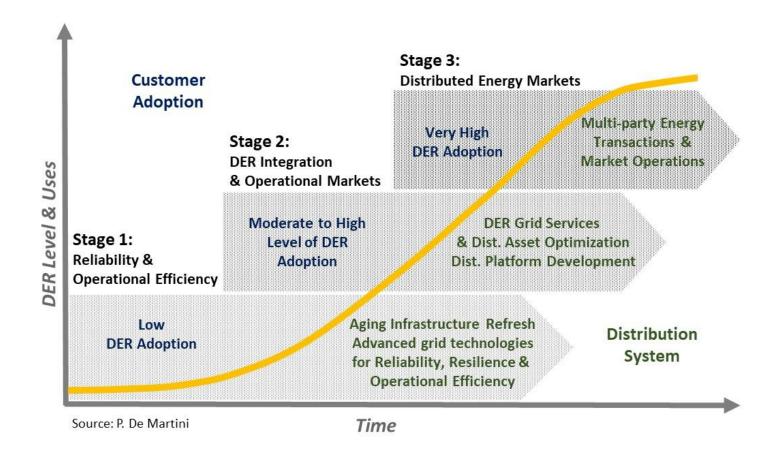
New Participants

- Customers as Prosumers
- Third-Party Merchants
- Technology Providers



Distribution Grid Evolution

US distribution systems currently have Stage 1 functionality - a key issue is whether and how fast to transition into Stage 2 functionality



Modern Distribution Grid Report

A rigorous approach to support development of grid modernization strategies and implementation plans based on best practices

Volume I: Maps Grid Modernization Functionality to Objectives

- Grid architectural approach that maps grid modernization functionality to state objectives within a planning, grid operations & market operations framework
- > Enables evaluation of functionality required to meet a specific objective

Volume II: Assessment of Grid Technology Maturity

- Assessment of the readiness of advanced grid technology for implementation to enable functionality and objectives identified in Volume I.
- Enables evaluation of technology readiness for implementation

Volume III: Implementation Decision Guide

- Decision criteria and considerations related to developing a grid modernization strategy and implementation roadmap with examples to illustrate application
- Enables development & evaluation of grid modernization strategies and roadmaps for implementation



Beginning with Objectives

Capabilities derived from state policy objectives

Objectives	CA	DC	FL	НІ	IL	MA	MN	NC	NY	OR	TX
Affordability	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠
Reliability	•	•	•	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠
Customer Enablement	•	٠	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	•	٠
System Efficiency	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠
Enable DER Integration	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•
Adopt Clean Technologies	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	٠
Reduce Carbon Emissions	•	•	•	٠				•	•	•	٠
Operational Market Animation	•	•		•			•		•		

From DSPx Volume 1 – Customer and State Policy Driven Functionality, version 1.1, March 23, 2017

	• •	Grid Capabilities			
	New Existing	Reliability, Safety & Operational Efficiency	DER Integration	DER Utilization	
Functions	Market Operations				
	Grid Operations	•	•		
	Planning	•		•	

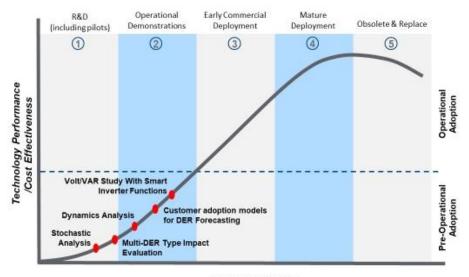
Distribution Platform Capabilities

Capabilities derived from state policy objectives

Distribution System Planning	Distril Grid Op	Distribution Market Operations		
Scalability 3.1.1	Operational	Situational	Distribution Investment	
	Risk Management	Awareness	Optimization	
	3.2.1	3.2.2	3.3.1	
Impact Resistance and Impact Resiliency 3.1.2	Controllability and Dynamic Stability 3.2.3	Management of DER and Load Stochasticity 3.2.4	Distribution Asset Optimization 3.3.2	
Open and	Contingency	Security 3.2.6	Market	
Interoperable	Management		Animation	
3.1.3	3.2.5		3.3.3	
Accommodate	Public and	Fail Safe	System Performance 3.3.4	
Tech Innovation	Workforce Safety	Modes		
3.1.4	3.2.7	3.2.8		
Convergence w/ Other	Attack Resistance/Fault	Reliability and Resiliency	Environmental	
Critical Infrastructures	Tolerance/Self-Healing	Management	Management	
3.1.5	3.2.9	3.2.10	3.3.5	
Accommodate New	Integrated Grid	Control Federation and	Local	
Business Models	Coordination	Control Disaggregation	Optimization	
3.1.6	3.2.11	3.2.12	3.3.6	
Transparency 3.1.7	Privacy and Confidentiality 3.2.13		Customer and State Policy rsion 1.1, March 23, 2017	



Technology Maturity



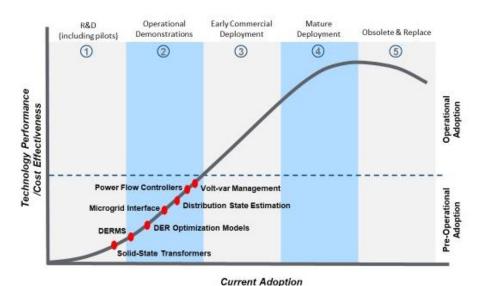
Grid Planning

Primary gaps exist in modeling customer DER adoption, multi-type DER behavior impacts and resulting random variability on distribution circuits necessary in high/very high DER systems

Current Adoption

Grid Operations

Primary gaps exist in DER control & optimization systems, distribution state estimation models and needed grid power electronics to address operational dynamics





Architecture Manages Complexity

The engineering issues associated with the scale and scope of dynamic resources envisioned in policy objectives for grid modernization requires a holistic architectural approach





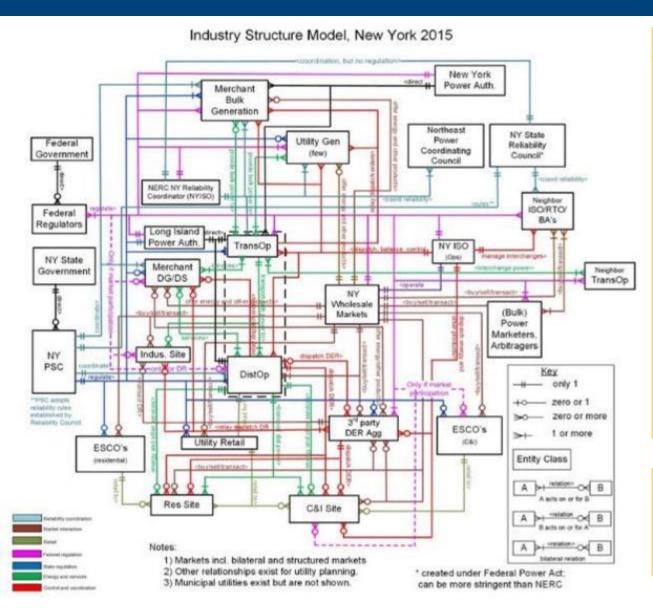


So, pick-up a pencil

Before trying to hang windows



Coordination Considerations



Participants

Federal Government

Federal Regulators

NERC NY Reliability Coordinator

Northeast Power Coordinating Council

NY State Reliability Council

NY ISO (Ops)

Neighbor ISO/RTO/BAs

NY Wholesale Markets

Bulk Power Marketers/Arbitragers

Merchant Bulk Generation

Utility Generation

NY Power Authority

Long Island Power Authority

Transmission Operators

Neighbor Transmission Operators

NY State Government

NY PSC

Distribution System Operator

Utility Retail

Residential Customers

C&I Customers

ESCOs

Third-Party DER Aggregator

Interaction Types

Reliability coordination

Market interaction

Retail

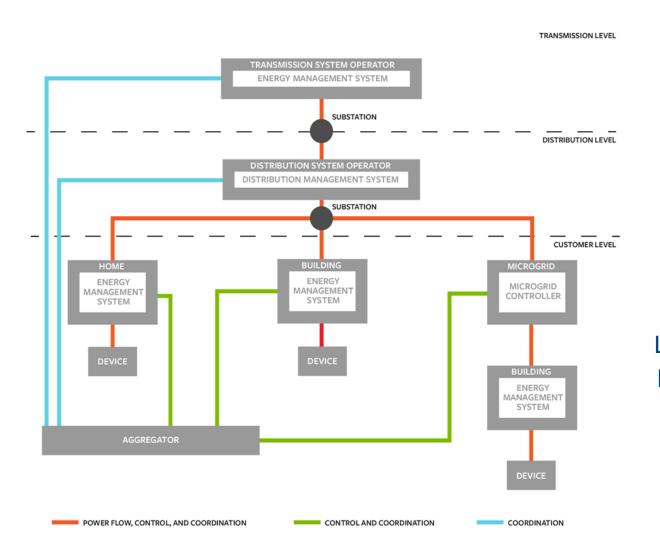
Fed/state regulation

Energy and services

Control and coordination



Coordination Frameworks



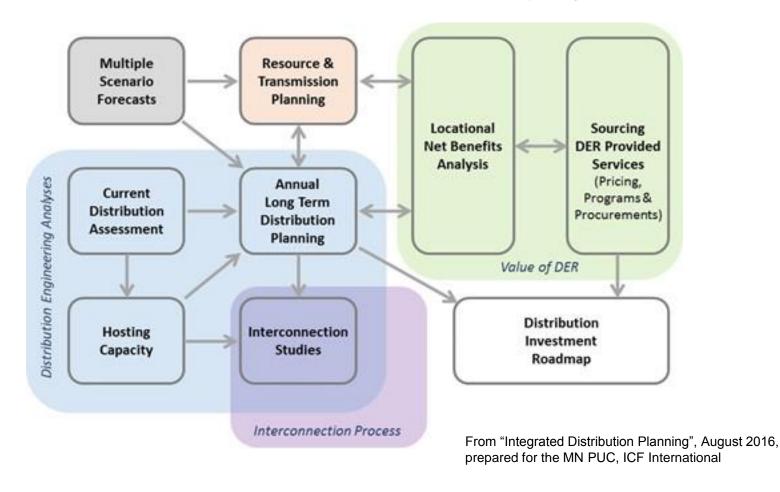
Laminar coordination permits local/system optimization

From JD Taft, Architectural Basis for Highly Distributed Power Grids: Frameworks, Networks, and Grid Codes, PNNL-25480, June 2016



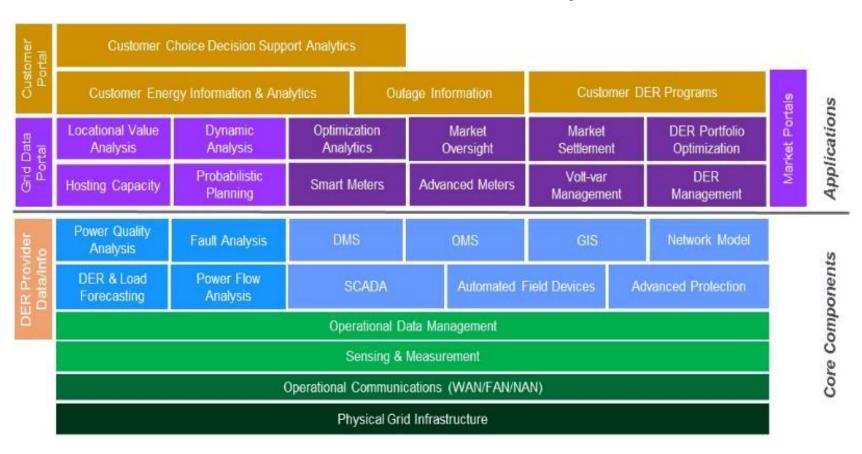
Integrated Planning Considerations

Integrated planning and analysis needed within and across the transmission, distribution and customer/3rd party domains



Platform Considerations

Core components form a foundational layer; applications sit on this foundation as additional functionality is needed

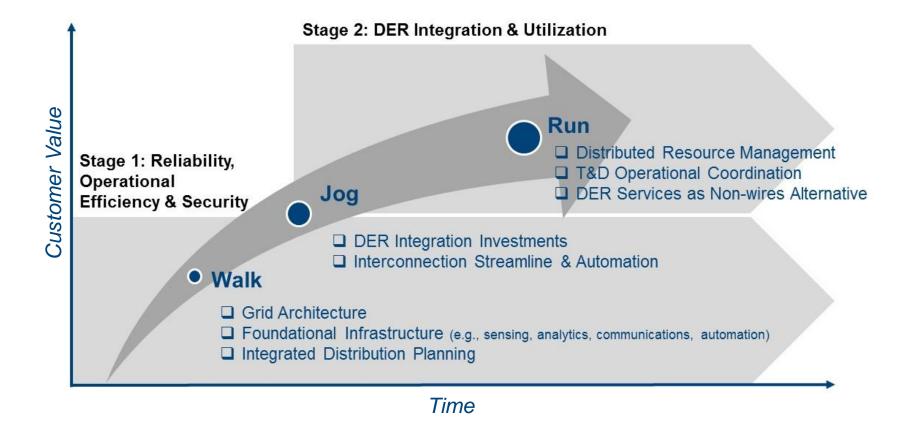


From DSPx, Volume 3 – Decision Guide, under review



Timing & Pace Considerations

Pace & scope of investments are driven by customer needs & policy objectives. Proportional deployment to align with customer value



DSPx2 Scope

Task 1 – Technology Implementation Roadmap

To provide practical guidance on the proportional deployment of technology given the need to advance grid capabilities from legacy systems. Key efforts include:

- A Grid Modernization Technology Management Guide which will address, for example:
 - Development of grid observability strategies (application of sensors, including smart meters)
 - Field communication systems as multi-purpose networks
 - Advanced distribution system management systems
 - · Integration of storage as a general purpose component
 - · Integrated volt/var management with smart inverters and power electronics
 - Coordination frameworks
- A Practicum with NECPUC (June 2018) to address specific issues, for example, AMR vs AMI functionality, robustness of non-wires alternatives, needed GIS upgrades, and frameworks for assessing grid investments.
- A Reference Roadmap to identify key decision points in the process of advancing grid capabilities

Task 2 – 2030 Grid Report

To examine key questions about the evolution of grid structure and function beyond 2020. For example:

- 1. How should the structure of electric circuits change to accommodate new technologies and operating modes?
- 2. Will existing power and energy markets still work in this environment?
- 3. How would the availability of large numbers of distribution level feed-ins change the relationship between distribution systems and bulk energy system operators?



Thank You

Contacts:

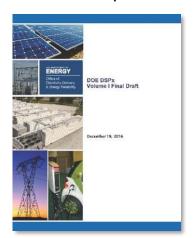
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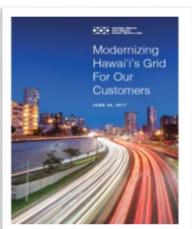
References:

Modern Distribution Grid Report



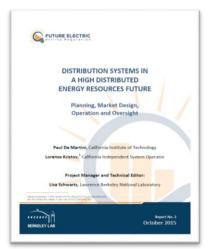
https://gridarchitecture.pnnl. gov/modern-grid-distributionproject.aspx

Grid Modernization Strategy Using DSPx



www.hawaiianelectric.com/ gridmod

DSO Paper



https://emp.lbl.gov/ projects/feur

Grid Architecture



http//gridarchitecture.pnnl.gov

